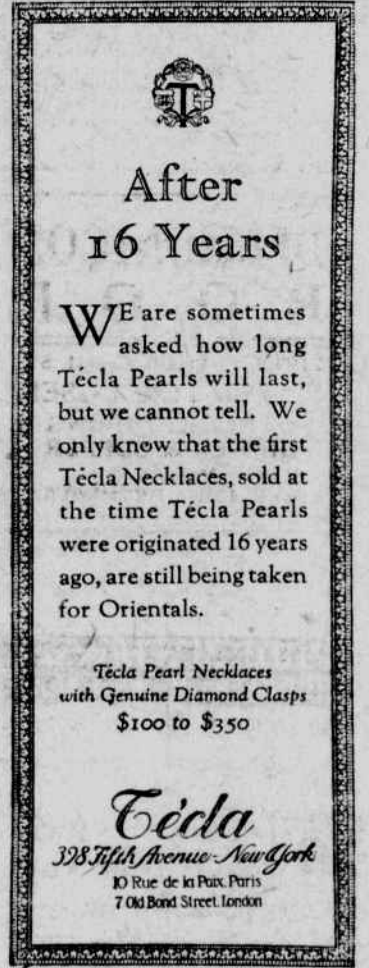




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## LAYS SCHOOL CRUSH TO BOARD POLITICS

### Senator Meyer Renews His Fight on Red Tape in Education.

**PROBLEM FACES CITY**  
Wants It Handled Just as Miller Treated Transit Exigency.

**PUBLIC PAYS FOR DELAY**  
Addition of \$200,000 to One Contract Blamed Upon Dilatory Tactics.

The city never can catch up on its school building program and provide adequate sitings for the youth of the metropolis as long as the Board of Education is mixed in politics and its subservient to the political Board of Estimate. In the opinion of Senator Schuyler M. Meyer, who was chairman of the committee that spent months investigating the public schools.

The situation which has developed since the opening of schools this autumn and the increased shortage in seats prove the contention made by the committee in its report to the Legislature that the trouble is due to the red tape tied around the building operations, the Senator said.

Schools here must be treated as transit has been treated by Gov. Miller, Mr. Meyer said, and he announced his intention of again introducing his bill providing for a non-political Board of Education. Mayor Hylan opposed the measure last year.

**Schools Next Problem.**  
"With our transit problem well on the way to solution, thanks to Gov. Miller, the city's next great problem is the lack of school buildings," the Senator said. He took up the history of the five buildings opened this year: P. S. 83, in East 19th street, with 1,080 sittings, took five years to complete; No. 60, in the Bronx, with 1,228 sittings, required four years; Newtown High School, with 1,070 seats, six years; No. 57, in Queens, with 504 sittings, five and one-half years; No. 55, in the Bronx, three and one-half years.

As an illustration of the "backing and filling" done by the two city boards in dealing with a school building contract the Senator gave a record of P. S. 57, showing the many delays he charged to the red tape and divided authority. He said:

"With such a system of referring and recommending, appropriating and re-appropriating, approving and selecting, ad infinitum, we will never catch up. In October, 1921, there were \$99,475 children on register in the day elementary and high schools, of whom 14,000 were on part time and 185,000 were on double session. In other words, there is an increase of part time of over 32,000 and of double session 2,200. The total sittings of the five new schools and all the additions to old schools opened in 1922 are only 22,970, so that in the last year the Hylan administration has not completed enough new schools and additions to old schools to even keep pace with the normal increase in the school attendance, let alone reduce the part time attendance."

"The history of the Newtown High School shows that on September 30, 1919, the Board of Education recommended the award of a contract for \$31,000, but that a month later, upon the insistence of Comptroller Craig that the price was too high, the Board of Estimate rejected the contract, which the Board of Education did. After the usual delays, three months later, on January 23, 1920, the Board of Estimate approved a new contract for \$74,000, but after two weeks the successful bidder threw up the contract, so that new bids had to be advertised for."

"So finally on May 19, 1920, the Board of Estimate had to increase the appropriation and the contract was finally awarded at \$98,700. This little byplay by the Board of Estimate and the Board of Education has cost the city over \$200,000."

"Shortly after our report was submitted this year to the Legislature and Charter Revision Commission Hylan announced a \$50,000,000 building program. The record of the last year shows it was nothing but the usual smoke screen."

**Vast Increase Shown.**  
"In October, 1922, there were 320,000 children on register in the day elementary and high schools, of whom 14,000 were on part time and 185,000 were on double session. In other words, there is an increase of part time of over 32,000 and of double session 2,200. The total sittings of the five new schools and all the additions to old schools opened in 1922 are only 22,970, so that in the last year the Hylan administration has not completed enough new schools and additions to old schools to even keep pace with the normal increase in the school attendance, let alone reduce the part time attendance."

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**STATE TO OFFER NEW GIBERSON CASE DATA**  
Will Present Evidence Concerning Gun in Murder.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
TOMAS HAYEN, N. J., Oct. 15.—Additional evidence will be presented tomorrow by the State when the trial of Mrs. Ivy Giberson, charged with the murder of her husband, William F. Giberson, in their Lakewood home, will be resumed. Prosecutor Wilfred H. Jayne has communicated with the makers of the gun supposed to have been used. The revolver has been identified as one shipped to Camp Kendrick, at Lakehurst. Earle Fowler, a taxi driver for William Giberson, claims to have taken the gun from a soldier in payment for a ride, later selling it to Giberson. This gun was found in an outhouse the day after the murder.

**MOTORIST BEGINS TERM HOUR FOLLOWING CRASH**  
Police Recorder Says Speedy Justice Stops Speeders.

Sixty-five minutes after his automobile crashed into another car in East Newark yesterday, Harry Schneider of Irwinston, N. J., and began to serve a thirty day sentence for reckless driving. John J. Murphy, Police Recorder, who pronounced the sentence, said it was only the second case of a motorist being sentenced to jail for reckless driving. The sentence was pronounced after a hearing in the Municipal Court.

## JUST OFF THE RATTLERS, HOBOES BEGIN DIGGING IN

### Initial Addresses of Winter Convention Hint Vexation at Mayor's Failure to Present City Keys, Fur Coats and Supply of Properly Stuffed Roast Turkey.

The Hoboes Union began digging in for the winter yesterday at 339 Bowery. A conclave of the itinerant army of the head-quarters of the New York local of the union. The principal features of the meeting were coffee and rolls and much speech making, the burden of which was: "It's a tough world, mates, and a hard place for an honest hobo to get by without commensurate expenditure of cash and energy."

James Eads Howe of St. Louis, who characterizes himself "the hobo millionaire," organizer of the International Brotherhood of Welfare, or the Hoboes Union, was the main oratorical gun. Warehouses bursting with cheese, butter, vegetables and one thing and another, and to many honest men out of work, it is not surprising there is so much crime, he said. Also it seems to him hardly less than an outrage that a labor agent should ask a commission for getting a man a job.

The one ray of hope seems to be a statement attributed to Samuel Gompers, that when the hobo is completely organized this world certainly going to be a different kind of a place to live in, what with nobody being out of a place to sleep or something to eat. The main trouble with the world now is that these worthless get no chance at making it the kind of a world it ought to be. Now, for instance, what about these so-called charitable organizations that think a hobo ought to have some

"Jack" in his jeans before they are willing to help him. Huh? How about it? Gus Shaffer, chairman, denied that the hobo is a shiftless body. Not he. "Who is the first on the job when the apple crop comes in out in the Dakotas? Who? The hobo."

"Who does most of the lumberjack's work out in the big open spaces where a man's a real man? You said it. 'Who cleans the snow off the city streets when the big storms come? That's the hobo. The worst thing he ever does is to jump a rattle—a freight train, never a passenger train."

But even then he isn't always received with the open arms he deserves when he hits town, like it from George Minter, the hobo poet. Not on your life. Now, take for instance, George. He said he beat his way from Los Angeles to New York on freight trains. When he got here was the Mayor at the train to meet him? No, sir. He got here cold, hungry and shabby. Not a soul invited him out to dinner, nor did anybody give him any evening clothes or a fur overcoat. The best he could do, he said, when he hit town was to get a prayer book and be told to sing, after which he got some dry bread and coffee—not a blooming bit of roast turkey with chestnut dressing, or anything of that sort."

Jack Dooley, also yelet "Jungle Cook Kelley," delivered the meeting by singing "That Pal of Mine," and Maxwell Henderson recited "The Poet." A collection produced \$12 to buy a stove.

## COLLINS' BETROTHED TO ENTER CONVENT

### New Yorker Describes How He Told Kitty Kiernan of Patriot's Death.

Kitty Kiernan, fiancée of Michael Collins, killed in action while leading Irish Free State troops in Ireland, soon will become a nun, Francis O'Reilly, her cousin, said yesterday. He had just returned from a business trip to Dublin in connection with the settlement of the estate of his wife's father, Thomas Condon.

O'Reilly, who was in Bangor, County Down, when Collins was killed. He carried the news of the Irish patriot's death to Miss Kiernan's home, he said.

"Kitty took Mike's death very hard," said O'Reilly. "She had written him a long letter the night prior to his assassination. Mail service in Ireland was very poor, and she asked Billy McGee, her brother-in-law, to deliver the letter to her. The letter was delivered, but McGee read the news of Mike's death. Kitty had not seen a paper. Billy was so overcome that he could not break the news to her."

O'Reilly's wife, the daughter of Thomas Condon, is to get one-third of a \$500,000 estate left by her father. It was to get papers in the settlement of the estate that O'Reilly went to Dublin. He obtained the papers from the Rev. John building in Dublin four days before it was destroyed by incendiary fire.

"Because I was an American citizen," said O'Reilly, "Rory O'Connor, who was in control of the Four Courts building, heard my plea. He referred me to Liam Lynch, now one of the foremost Free State leaders in Ireland, and I made a search of the record rooms for the papers. The filing systems had been disrupted by the fighting in Dublin, and the papers were found in a waste basket. I was very lucky to find them, for practically all records were destroyed when fire razed the structure a few days later."

## BISHOP CANNON AGAIN ASKS U. S. AID IN EAST

### Wants America in Conference With Turks and Allies.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—Urging that the United States take action at the conference of the Powers on the Turkish situation to free the Armenians from national charges, Bishop James Cannon, of Richmond, Va., of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, to-night sent a telegram to Secretary of State Hughes in which he criticized the Government for not protecting the people of Smyrna from the Turks.

At the time of the Greek defeat Bishop Cannon was in Constantinople and rushed to Smyrna just after it was burned. At that time he sent a cablegram to Washington urging that the Government "cooperate actively, not only diplomatically but if necessary with the army and navy" to protect the refugees.

In his latest message Bishop Cannon asserted that armed intervention at Smyrna in the interests of humanity could have been taken without making war on Turkey and only for the purpose of protecting the refugees.

## WIFE KILLED, MAN SHOT IN FIGHT OVER CHILDREN

### Neighbor Accused of Crime Escapes After Quarrel.

Mrs. Sarah Gerardo, 28, of 32 Water street, Richmond Hill, L. I., was killed and her husband, John Gerardo, 26, was wounded last night in a fight in their apartment with Carmine De Tre, 35, of the same address.

The children of the families had had a fight and De Tre went to the Gerardo apartment to punish the Gerardo children. Gerardo would not admit him. De Tre shot at Gerardo in the right arm, it is alleged. Mrs. Gerardo then came to the living room from the kitchen and De Tre, the police say, fired two shots at her, one in the chest and the other in the right arm. De Tre was shot a few minutes later. De Tre escaped.

## Police Reserves Keep Back Crowd as Salvation Lass Is Arrested

Five thousand persons blocked Broadway at Forty-sixth street last night after the arrest of Miss Rhea Crawford, aged 24, a Salvation Army captain, on a charge of disorderly conduct and joined in a threatening demonstration. White Patrolman Emerson T. Taylor of the West Forty-seventh street station was trying to conduct the Salvationist away from the crowd suddenly began yelling and booing, and pressed about the policeman and the girl. The demonstration continued while Taylor got a taxi cab and put the girl into it, and the crowd followed to the police station house, where they besieged the doors, and the reserves had to be called out.

Miss Crawford was arrested just after she finished speaking from the steps of the Gaiety Theater in Forty-sixth street, just off Broadway. She is known to thousands of Broadwaygoers because of her blond hair and beauty and her impressive manner of speaking. It is said several complaints have been made by the police against the meetings, which lie in a restricted district extending from

## NAGARA POWER MAY COME HERE BY RADIO

### Engineers Predict Plan Will Succeed Edison's Dream of Dynamo.

**FOLLOWS NEW FEAT**  
Vacuum Tube Handles Atlantic Traffic for Sixteen Hours.

**BIG POSSIBILITIES SEEN**  
Authorities Forecast Step Will Give Us Across Ocean Telephony.

Engineers were speculating again last night as to whether the dream that Thomas A. Edison has nursed for so many years—that of bringing the power of Niagara Falls to the city of New York—will come true. Edison wanted to do it with dynamos, but the hope now is that radio will be able to do it.

That remote possibility is only for speculation now, but it was given new impetus and increased interest yesterday when an experimental high powered vacuum tube set at Rocky Point, L. I., operating on a wave length of 19,000 meters, handled for sixteen hours the commercial transatlantic wireless traffic with Great Britain and Germany.

This is the first time in the history of wireless telegraphy that a high powered tube transmitting set has operated for so long a period over such a great distance.

The test was so successful, according to a statement given out by the Radio Corporation of America, that the operators actually controlling the automatic sending keys at 64 Broad street did not know until afterward that they were controlling a tube transmitter instead of the usual alternator. And the operators on the English and German circuits, if they noticed a change in the quality or the strength of the signals they received, did not comment on it.

**New Test for Science.**  
The set which was used for the tests yesterday was developed by the General Electric Company at Schenectady. Plans for the set were completed last December. Preliminary tests were being conducted last July when Guglielmo Marconi visited the station. He was deeply impressed and predicted that the set, which he believed would be successful, would form one of the most important developments of wireless communication.

Dr. E. P. Alexanderson, chief engineer of the Radio Corporation, said: "Although it has taken ten years to get to the point where we have a transatlantic tube transmitter, in these ten years the energy of the vacuum tube has been increased more than a million times. A few more years at the same rate of improvement would bring us beyond our wildest dreams; but all we have to say is that science and engineering have received a new tool. It marks a turning point in the development of the vacuum tube, and it will certainly give us transatlantic telephony, but it will undoubtedly give us more."

Dr. Alexanderson added: "Transatlantic telegraphy has become a routine business but the importance of this demonstration is the bridge to the ocean by the use of the powerful vacuum tube units. In this case only six tubes were used and we can safely predict that the same feat will some day be performed by a single tube. But what is the next step? No one has seen a new physical principle reduced to practice on a large scale. Shall it fulfill the dreams that Edison's dynamo has yet fulfilled to carry Niagara's power to New York?"

## POLICE MUST TELL WHERE THEY DRINK

### Raids Will Follow on Places to Be Named in Compulsory Affidavits.

The example of Mount Vernon, where the prohibition law is enforced by taking an affidavit from every person arrested for intoxication, is being followed in this city, it appeared from special orders issued to the Police Department last night.

The orders bore the signature of Chief Inspector Lahey and hit directly at members of the department guilty of intoxication, requiring those taking the drunken policemen in charge to obtain such affidavits from them and to act promptly thereupon in raiding the premises named.

The orders suggest that in the cases of private citizens it would be well to take similar affidavits. The General Electric Company at Schenectady. Plans for the set were completed last December. Preliminary tests were being conducted last July when Guglielmo Marconi visited the station. He was deeply impressed and predicted that the set, which he believed would be successful, would form one of the most important developments of wireless communication.

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**American Tubes Larger.**  
"Ten years ago I became acquainted with the little device known as the 'audion.' Then it was a detector of signals and an amplifier and the question was why not amplify some more and then some more and use it for transmitting signals as well as for receiving? Dr. Langmuir of the research laboratories of the General Electric Company gave the complete answer to this question."

Dr. Langmuir of the research laboratories of the General Electric, under whose direction the tube was constructed, said he was "pleased but not surprised" by the result of the tests.

The set itself at present is made up of three 50-kilowatt, 15,000 volt, water-cooled, metal vacuum tubes, used as amplifiers and six 15-kilowatt, 20-kilowatt, metal plate tubes, used as high frequency converters. For the experiments one of the new mill and a half long antennae suspended from six towers, 425 feet high, was used. The tube set succeeded in developing and sustaining in the antenna a current of 250 amperes.

The American tubes, being cooled by water, may be built larger than the air-cooled tubes, and they are partially metal. The Marconi tubes are of glass, but the American tubes are of copper and glass welded. The set in its present state is regarded as a reliable transmitter, but the tests, according to the statement of the Radio Corporation, show that an alternative type of equipment to the Alexanderson alternator is on the way to add America in building up its worldwide system of wireless communication.

## Village Finds New Fun

### Turning in Fire Alarms

FALSE alarms kept firemen on the jump early yesterday morning, especially in the Greenwich Village section, where the same companies and battalion chiefs responded to six calls. Between 12:25 and 3:35 A. M. twelve alarms were sounded and all but two were found to be false. Six of the false alarms were sent in from Greenwich Village.

## RUNAWAYS FEARING STRAP LIVE IN HUT

### Boy and Sister Provision It and Bring Toys Along to Stay Three Days.

Irma Randenburg, 9, and her brother, Ralph, 7, who ran away last Thursday from their home at 467 West 164th street because they thought they were going to be whipped for falling into the Hudson River "just to see what it was like to be rescued," were crossing the old American League baseball field at 168th street and Broadway last night with bundles under their arms. Sergeant Kean and Patrolman Corrigan of the West 177th street station saw them.

The policemen caught up with them, told them it was a nice night and made themselves so generally agreeable that the children asked them to go along with them.

"We'll have dinner together," said Irma. "We live over here a little way. Come along with us."

Irma and Ralph led the policemen to an old hut that had been abandoned for years. They led the police inside and showed them how they had swept out the place, pinned some Sunday newspapers on the walls for decoration and had fixed it up so it was a good place to live. Then Irma spread out a paper on a board and laid some scraps of food on it.


"Here's dinner," she said. "Help yourself."

But the policemen weren't hungry and began asking questions.

"We were walking along Broadway the other evening," said Ralph, "and a big rough man with long black whiskers caught us and made us come along with him. He dragged us across the old baseball field to this hut, where he lived. And then he pulled out a long knife and told us he was going to kill us. We begged him not to, but he went ahead and tied us up to the wall, and then he built a fire and—"

"He's a liar," broke in Irma. "It didn't happen like that at all. I'll tell you the truth. We fell into the river last Thursday to see if anybody would pull us out. They got us out all right, but our clothes were wet and we were afraid to go home. So we looked around a while and finally found this hut. We dried out our clothes, and it was such a nice place we decided to stay here."

The children said they had sneaked back home for a few minutes while their parents were away and had got some of their playthings and some provisions. They ran out of food yesterday, they said, but during the afternoon had visited back doors and got together enough scraps to have dinner—with company. Only the company still refused to eat. They took Irma and Ralph back to their parents, there to get that licking that has been waiting for them since Thursday and accumulating interest.



**TIFFANY & Co.**  
FIFTH AVENUE & 37th STREET

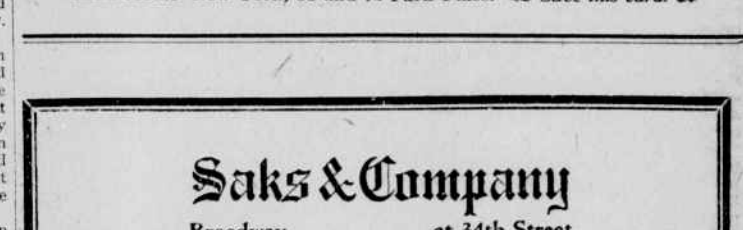
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They Are Well Made, From Artistic Designs, Elegantly Finished, Beautiful Goods, NOT High Priced.




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**EDWARD MILLER & CO.,** Established 1844  
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**The New "Buckingham" Soft Hat**  
FOR MEN  
at 7.00  
is the smartest created for Fall wear

Your hat is really the most conspicuous article of your dress, and for that reason we wish to direct your attention to our feature hats bearing the "Buckingham" label. This insignia stands for style, quality, and individuality.

Obtainable in the season's newest shades including the ever popular seal nut mixed, and silver fox.

**BRITAIN TO PAY U. S. \$50,000,000 TO-DAY**  
Check Expected to Go Through New York Banks.

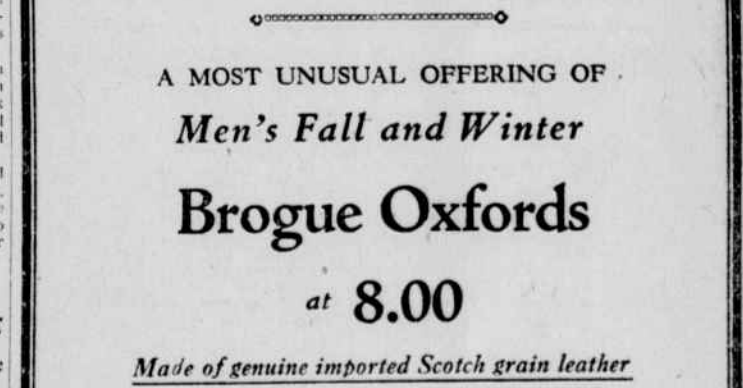
Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
New York, Oct. 15.—The \$50,000,000 interest which Great Britain is expected to pay on her war debt probably will be used in redeeming United States Victory bonds.

By an act of Congress all moneys paid on war debts will be used for payment of the outstanding public debt. In this fiscal year approximately \$2,000,000,000 Victory bonds mature and will have to be redeemed.

The cash payment is half of the interest due on October 15 and November 15 and will open the funding program to be worked out here next month by the American and British debt commissions. The British commission is expected here about November 1.

Payment will be made by check, which will probably be the largest drawn in this country since the war. The check is expected to go through the Federal Reserve Bank of New York city and J. P. Morgan & Co.

Great Britain's debt to the United States is \$4,435,000,000. The 5 per cent interest rate will be considered by the debt commissions. The British hope to see the rate reduced to 3 1/2 per cent, or 3 per cent.



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Made of genuine imported Scotch grain leather

INCLUDED are all the season's best models and gracefully proportioned lasts, with two full soles to heel or middle soles of fibre and extension stitched heels. The toe-caps are neatly finished in the popular bevel effect. Unquestionably one of the rarest offerings of quality footwear for men announced this season!

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**LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE**  
It's toasted. This one extra process gives a delightful quality that can not be duplicated.

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